

Folosirea infinitivului cu TO este obligatorie:

a) după verbe: arrange, ask, attempt, choose, decide, demand, agree, aim, consent, determine, hope, manage.
Ex: They AGREED TO MAKE another attempt.

b) după vb., subst., ady pt. a exprima scopul:
Ex. We hurried
 had no time
 found it exciting } TO EXPLORE the cave.

c) în constr. AC. + INF., după verbe care exprimă un ordin sau o sugerență
Ex. He ORDERED
 REQUESTED
 ASKED } us to leave immediately.

Folosirea formei GERUND este obligatorie:

a) după verbe tranzitive:
Ex. He AVOIDS mentioning the subject

b) după prep.
Ex. BEFORE going out, switch off the light please.

c) după ady. WORTH, LIKE și după THERE IS NO
THERE IS NO accounting for tastes.

ATENȚIE!

a) manage + INFINITIV, succeed in + GERUND
Ex. He managed to set everything right.
 He succeeded in setting everything right.

b) aim + INFINITIVE ; aim at + GERUND
EX. This book aims to give a description of the
aims at giving structure of the present
day English.

c) occasion + INFINITIVE ; opportunity + of + GERUND
EX. ∴ I hope I won't have occasion to punish you.
If I have an opportunity of meeting him, I'll
give him your message.

d) unable + INFINITIVE ; (un)capable of + GERUND

EX. ∴ He was unable to do it.
He was (un)capable of doing it.